MOREHOUSE SCHOOL OF MEDICINE Student Health and Wellness Center BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS TEST

- 1. T / F Mucous membranes are a potential route of entry into the body for bloodborne pathogens.
- 2. T / F Every time you remove your gloves you must wash your hands with soap and running water as soon as you possibly can.
- 3. T / F Choose your protective equipment according to the task you are going to perform and the type of exposure that is anticipated.
- 4. T / F Never pick up broken glass with your hands. Use tongs or a brush and dust pan.
- 5. T / F Blood is the only body fluid that can carry a bloodborne disease.
- 6. T / F Students should report Blood Borne Pathogen exposures to Student / Employee Wellness Center within 24 hours.
- 7. T / F Good handwashing techniques keep you from transferring contamination to other areas of your body or the environment.
- 8. T / F As long as you wash your hands first, you can handle contact lenses in areas where you may be exposed to infectious materials.
- 9. T / F Health care workers can become infected if infected blood or body fluids enter their body through a needle stick, non-contact skin, or mucous membranes of the mouth, nose and eyes.
- 10. T/ F Residents should report Blood Borne pathogen exposures to Human Resources within 24 hours to obtain a Workman Compensation number.